Overview of GGtools for expression genetics

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1 Introduction

The *GGtools* package contains infrastructure and demonstration data for joint analysis of transcriptome and genome through combination of DNA expression microarray and high-density SNP genotyping data. For Bioconductor 2.2 we adopted a representation of genotypes due to Clayton (in package *snpMatrix*) allowing reasonably convenient storage and manipulation of 4 megaSNP phase II HapMap genotypes on all the CEPH CEU samples. This contrasts with the previous version of *GGtools* which was limited to 550 kiloSNP and 58 CEU founders.

To give an immediate taste of the capabilities, we attach the package and load some test data.

```
> library(GGtools)
> data(hmceuB36.2021)
> hmceuB36.2021
snp.matrix-based genotype set:
number of samples: 90
number of snp.matrix:
annotation: illuminaHumanv1.db
Expression data dims: 47293 x 90
Phenodata: An object of class "AnnotatedDataFrame"
  sampleNames: NA06985, NA06991, ..., NA12892
                                               (90 total)
 varLabels and varMetadata description:
    famid: hapmap family id
    persid: hapmap person id
    male: logical TRUE if male
    (7 total)
```

Expression data are recoverable in a familiar way:

> exprs(hmceuB36.2021)[1:5, 1:5]

```
NA06985 NA06991 NA06993 NA06994 NA07000 GI_10047089-S 5.983962 5.939529 5.912270 5.891347 5.906675 GI_10047091-S 6.544493 6.286516 6.244446 6.277397 6.330893 GI_10047093-S 9.905235 10.353804 10.380972 9.889223 10.155686 GI_10047099-S 7.993935 7.593970 8.261215 6.598430 6.728085 GI_10047103-S 11.882265 12.204753 12.249708 11.798415 12.015252
```

Genotype data have more complex representation.

> smList(hmceuB36.2021)

\$`20`

A snp.matrix with 90 rows and 119921 columns

Row names: NA06985 ... NA12892 Col names: rs4814683 ... rs6090120

\$`21`

A snp.matrix with 90 rows and 50165 columns

Row names: NA06985 ... NA12892 Col names: rs885550 ... rs10483083

> class(smList(hmceuB36.2021)[["20"]])

[1] "snp.matrix"

This shows that we use a named list to hold items of the *snp.matrix* class from *snpMatrix*. It will generally be unnecessary to probe to this level, but it is instructive to check the underlying representation:

- > schunk = smList(hmceuB36.2021)[["20"]]
- > schunk@.Data[1:4, 1:4]

	rs4814683	rs6076506	rs6139074	rs1418258
NA06985	03	03	03	03
NA06991	02	03	02	02
NA06993	01	03	01	01
NA06994	01	03	01	01

The leading zeroes show that a raw byte representation is used. We can convert to allele codes as follows:

> as(schunk[1:4, 1:4], "character")

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
[1,] "B/B" "B/B" "B/B" "B/B"
[2,] "A/B" "B/B" "A/B" "A/B"
[3,] "A/A" "B/B" "A/A" "A/A"
[4,] "A/A" "B/B" "A/A" "A/A"
```

The primary method of interest is the genome-wide association study, here applied with expression as the phenotype. Here we execute a founders-only analysis, adjusting for gender, confining attention to chromosome 20:

```
> pd = pData(hmceuB36.2021)
> hmFou = hmceuB36.2021[, which(pd$mothid == 0 & pd$fathid == 0)]
> f1 = gwSnpTests(genesym("CPNE1") ~ male, hmFou, chrnum(20))
[1] "GI_23397697-A" "GI_33469953-A"
```

2 Conversion to nucleotide codes

This is currently somewhat cumbersome. Suppose we want to know the specific nucleotide assignments for a given genotype call. For example, rs4814683 for subject NA06985.

```
> schunk["NA06985", "rs4814683"]
Autosomal snp(s):
[1] "B/B"
```

We need to know a) that the A/B tokens map in lexical order to the nucleotides (A will be the alphabetically first nucleotide for the diallelic call).

Using the SNPlocs. Hsapiens.dbSNP.20071016 package, we can get the nucleotides:

Now we need to translate the IUPAC code to the nucleotides:

```
> library(Biostrings)
> IUPAC_CODE_MAP
```

S Α G Τ Μ R K "C" "AT" " A " "G" "T" "AC" "AG" "CG" "CT" "GT" "ACG" D Η "ACT" "AGT" "CGT" "ACGT"