HowTo BGX

Ernest Turro Imperial College London

September 6, 2007

1 Introduction

This vignette describes how to use bgx, a C++ implementation of a Bayesian hierarchical integrated approach to the modelling and analysis of Affymetrix GeneChip arrays. The model and methodology is described in Hein et al, 2005.

There are two ways to run bgx: (1) through R and (2) as a standalone binary. Both ways make use of probe level GeneChip data, which you must obtain as GeneChip CEL files.

2 Reading in the CEL files

When you load bgx, several required packages from the Bioconductor¹ project are automatically loaded.

```
> library(bgx)
```

The *affy* package allows you to read CEL files into an AffyBatch object. This can be achieved by changing your working directory to wherever the CEL files are stored and executing:

> aData <- ReadAffy()</pre>

This will read in the CEL files in alphabetical order and save the data in the aData object. Alternatively, you can specify the specific files you would like to read in by adding their paths to the argument list, for example:

> aData <- ReadAffy("CEL/choe/chipC-rep1.CEL", "CEL/choe/chipS-rep2.CEL")

```
<sup>1</sup>http://bioconductor.org
```

3 Running BGX through R

A basic execution of the program can be performed by simply passing an AffyBatch object as a single parameter to the bgx function and saving the result in an Expression-Set object. The result will hold array-specific gene expression values and their corresponding standard errors in assayData(eset)\$exprs and assayData(eset)\$se.exprs respectively.

> eset <- bgx(aData)

A more elaborate scenario would involve splitting the arrays into a number of conditions using the *samplesets* argument²; specifying which genes to analyse with the *genes* argument; specifying whether to take into account probe affinity with *probeAff*; setting the number of burn-in and post burn-in runs with the *burnin* and *iter* arguments respectively; setting the set of parameters to save with the *output* argument³; and specifying where to save the runs with *rundir*. Execute help(bgx) in R for a full explanation of all the parameters.

As an example, let us analyse the Dilution data set and save the results in the current working directory ("."):

```
> library(affydata)
> library(hgu95av2cdf)
> data(Dilution)
> eset <- bgx(Dilution, samplesets = c(2, 2), probeAff = FALSE,
+ burnin = 2048, iter = 8192, genes = c(12500:12599), output = "all")</pre>
```

The eset object will contain gene expression information for each gene under each condition (not necessarily each array). You may obtain the gene expression measure using the exprs function. For instance:

```
> exprs(eset)[10:40, ]
```

	condition 1	condition 2
947_at	6.54870	6.24685
948_s_at	4.88448	4.50453
949_s_at	4.83464	4.59238
950_at	4.54531	4.29197
951_at	2.98845	2.58530
952_at	2.60626	1.89240

²Note that if your AffyBatch object contains information on the experimental design in the phenoData slot, you do not need to use the *samplesets* argument.

 $^{3}output$ can be set to either "minimal", "trace" or "all". See the documentation for an explanation of what these levels mean

953_g_at	5.31042	4.89333
954_s_at	6.40030	6.06977
955_at	6.62752	6.34671
956_at	6.99861	6.70692
957_at	4.69390	4.34245
958_s_at	5.55759	5.19415
959_at	1.99939	1.66466
960_g_at	5.23385	4.94223
961_at	1.84130	1.62690
962_at	1.60305	1.55421
963_at	4.69636	4.18588
964_at	4.30356	4.07966
965_at	2.27711	1.33576
966_at	4.45459	4.06127
967_g_at	4.86522	4.59589
968_i_at	3.66416	3.57689
969_s_at	4.79956	4.55295
970_r_at	6.28942	6.17328
971_s_at	2.84888	2.46289
973_at	4.32935	4.10866
974_at	1.87040	2.29331
975_at	4.38042	4.08503
976_s_at	3.86166	3.11784
977_s_at	4.93245	4.56452
978_at	2.68011	2.59216

Run help(ExpressionSet) in R for more information.

Note that *samplesets* should be set to an array specifying the number of replicates in each condition. If set to (3,2), bgx will treat the first three arrays read into R as replicates under condition 1 and the next two as replicates under condition 2. You should make sure that all condition 1 files are read in first and all condition 2 files are read in second by ReadAffy(). You may check the order of the samples in your AffyBatch object by using the sampleNames function:

> sampleNames(Dilution)

[1] "20A" "20B" "10A" "10B"

4 Running BGX as a standalone binary

Occasionally it may be useful to run bgx as a standalone binary from the command line⁴. In this case, you should use the standalone.bgx function instead of the bgx function. It takes the same arguments as bgx, with the addition of *dirname*, which should specify where you would like to save the input files required by the standalone binary.

Once you have saved the input files, you should locate the binary, make sure it is executable⁵, and pass the path to the newly created **infile.txt** file as a single argument. For example:

./bgx ../input-choe3replicates/infile.txt

5 Detailed analysis of the output

If you wish to analyse the output in detail, you should first read the output into a list as follows:

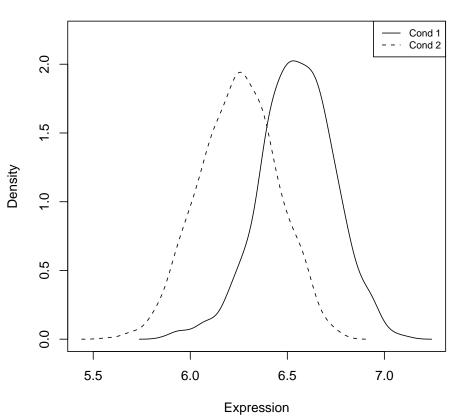
```
> bgxOutput <- readOutput.bgx("run.1")</pre>
```

You may then pass the bgxOutput object to any of several analysis functions. For instance, to view the gene expression distributions under the various conditions for gene 10, you could do:

```
> plotExpressionDensity(bgxOutput, gene = 10)
```

⁴You can compile it by tweaking 'src/Makefile.standalone' to your specifications and running 'make -f Makefile.standalone' from the 'src' directory.

⁵Under Unix-like environments, you can type chmod +x bgx at the command prompt to do this.



Densities of mu for gene 947_at

In order to get a list of ranked differential expression values, you could do:

```
> rankedGeneList <- rankByDE(bgxOutput)</pre>
```

```
> print(rankedGeneList[1:25, ])
```

	Position	DiffExpression
956_at	19	35.857720
941_at	4	34.057708
AFFX-HSAC07/X00351_5_at	83	33.431479
955_at	18	32.120215
AFFX-HUMGAPDH/M33197_5_at	90	30.094049
954_s_at	17	29.230007
947_at	10	28.072969
AFFX-HUMGAPDH/M33197_M_at	92	26.088639
AFFX-HSAC07/X00351_M_at	85	22.047845
946_at	9	19.112386
AFFX-HUMGAPDH/M33197_3_at	88	17.709673
AFFX-hum_alu_at	87	16.605758

AFFX-BioDn-3_at	70	16.509066
953_g_at	16	16.160847
958_s_at	21	15.866340
AFFX-HUMISGF3A/M97935_3_at	94	14.627333
AFFX-HUMISGF3A/M97935_MB_at	97	13.385993
977_s_at	39	12.298497
982_at	44	12.020658
993_at	54	10.692664
948_s_at	11	10.648885
969_s_at	32	10.233128
AFFX-HSAC07/X00351_3_at	81	10.186931
960_g_at	23	10.179841
957_at	20	9.017495

Run help(analysis.bgx) for more detailed usage instructions on the analysis functions.