# Bioconductor's qvalue package 

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## 1 Overview

The qualue package contains functions for the computation and presentation of $q$-values for features from an experiment with multiple comparisons. A q-value is a measure of significance for a particular feature, analagous to a p-value. However, where the p-value assigns significance in terms of the false positive rate, the q-value assigns significance in terms of the false discovery rate. See [2] for more detailed information.

This document provides a tutorial for using the qualue package. The package consists of four functions (qvalue for computing q -values from p -values, qplot for visualizing the results with graphs, qsummary for visualizing the results with a table, and qwrite for writing the output to file) and a GUI (qvalue.gui). As with any R package, detailed information on functions, their arguments and value, can be obtained in the help files. For instance, to view the help file for the function qualue within R, type ? qualue.

## 2 Case study: the breast cancer dataset of Hedenfalk et al. (2001)

We demonstrate the functionality of this package using gene expression data from the breast cancer study of [1]. Comparison was made between two types of genetic mutation that are associated
with an increased risk of breast cancer, BRCA1 and BRCA2. There were 7 and 8 cDNA arrays for BRCA1 and BRCA2, respectively. The example considered here is restricted to 3,170 genes as described in [2]. A 2-sample t-statistic was used to compare the two mutation types, gene by gene, and p-values were assigned by a permutation-based simulation of the null distribution. The original data and code for preprocessing can be found at

```
http://faculty.washington.edu/~jstorey/qvalue/results.html.
```

The p-values from the BRCA1/BRCA2 analysis are included with the qvalue package as the dataset hedenfalk. To obtain the p-values, type data(hedenfalk), and to view a description of the experiments and data, type ? hedenfalk. We also check the length of the p-value vector and plot a histogram.

```
> library(qvalue)
> data(hedenfalk)
> length(hedenfalk)
```

[1] 3170

```
> hist(hedenfalk)
```


## 3 The qualue function

The qvalue function computes $q$-values from the $p$-values of an experiment with multiple comparisons. We assign the output of the function call to the object qobj and plot a histogram of the q-values.

```
> qobj <- qvalue(hedenfalk)
> hist(qobj$qvalues)
```


## 4 The qsummary function

The qsummary function reports an estimate $\left(\pi_{0}\right)$ of the proportion of genes for which the null hypothesis is true, and presents a table comparing p -values to q -values.

```
> qsummary(qobj)
Call:
qvalue(p = hedenfalk)
pi0: 0.6635185
Cumulative number of significant calls:
    <1e-04<0.001<0.01<0.025<0.05<0.1 <1
```


## 5 The qplot function

The qplot function produces four plots:

- A plot of $\pi_{0}$ versus the tuning parameter $\lambda$ (see [2]).
- A plot comparing p-values to q -values.
- A plot of the number of significant genes by q-value.
- A plot of the number of expected false positives by the number of significant genes.
> qplot(qobj)


## 6 The qwrite function

The qwrite function writes the output of the function qualue to a file. If all defaults were chosen in the call to qualue, the output file contains $\pi_{0}$ in the first row and a $3,071 \times 2$ matrix of pand q-values in the rest. Note that qwrite writes to the file "my-qvalue-results.txt" in the working directory by default. The file name and location can be specified with the filename argument to qwrite.
> qwrite (qobj)

## 7 The qualue.gui GUI

The qvalue.gui function launches a GUI with which you can conduct all the tasks described above. The GUI is described in full detail in the accompanying manual. It is launched by typing qualue.gui().

## References

[1] I. Hedenfalk, D. Duggan, Y.D. Chen, M. Radmacher, M. Bittner, R. Simon, P. Meltzer, B. Gusterson, M. Esteller, O.P. Kallioniemi, B. Wilfond, A. Borg, and J. Trent. Gene expression profiles in hereditary breast cancer. New Engl. Jour. Medicine, 344:539-548, 2001.
[2] J.D. Storey and R. Tibshirani. Statistical significance for genome-wide experiments. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, 100:9440-9445, 2003.

## Histogram of hedenfalk



Figure 1: Histogram of p-values.

## Histogram of qobj\$qvalues



Figure 2: Histogram of q-values.


Figure 3: Miscellaneous plots.

